AT-RISK WORKING GROUP: MEETING 8

Off-Cycle Call July 18, 2017

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Next steps

GOALS FOR TODAY'S MEETING

Learn about Every Day Counts – citywide attendance initiative

Review final theories of action for off-track focus area

Determine next steps

REVIEW: PROPOSALS FOR OFF-TRACK SECONDARY STUDENTS

1. Cross-sector information exchange

2. Citywide, cross-sector approach to improving attendance

3. Cross-sector approach to sharing best practices around *"anchors" – positive adult relationships in school*

4. Cross-sector effort to identify and build on practices in high value-add high schools

EVERY DAY COUNTS





Every Day Counts! DC

July 2017

Background



Consistent student attendance is a <u>citywide</u> challenge that spans schools, grades, and wards

- On a given day, 9/10 students are present in school (90%)
- However, ~21% of DC students are chronically truant and ~26% of DC students are chronically absent
- Truancy rates are lowest in Wards 2 & 3 (17%) and highest in Ward 8 (38%)
- Truancy rates in DC are 2-3 times higher in high school than in other grades



Background



Absenteeism has a significant <u>negative impact</u> on student outcomes and undermines our investments

- Missing just 10% of the school year in early grades can leave students struggling throughout elementary school
- By sixth grade, missing 10% of the school year is strongly linked to dropping out of high school
- Students scoring at lower levels of proficiency on the DC
 CAS exhibit higher rates of truancy
- Missing just two days a month can put students at risk of academic failure



Absenteeism has a <u>disproportionate impact</u> on atrisk and disadvantaged youth

- Economically disadvantaged students in DC are 2.3 times
 more likely to have been truant than wealthier peers
- African American students are at the highest risk for truancy
- Students receiving special education services have higher rates of truancy and chronic absenteeism
- Overage students have truancy and chronic absenteeism rates above 40%
- Homeless students have the highest rates of both truancy (~45%) and chronic absenteeism (~49%)

Background







To date the Truancy Taskforce* has focused on:

- Reviewing data and improving data quality
- Improving policies that govern attendance
- Coordinating agency activities and investments
- Creating incentives to improve attendance

See Appendix

How should we strategically focus our Districtwide work in School Year 2017-18?

Back to DC....Where to focus in SY17-18?

DC Student Severity of Absenteeism



FY18 Every Day Counts! Components





Every Day Counts! Campaign

- Public messaging via media strategy and partner engagement
- Rewarding students and schools for improvement and success



Attendance Ed Stats

• Measuring, monitoring, identifying, and sharing what works



Every Day Counts! Taskforce

- Improving local policy using legislation, regulation, and reporting
- Coordinated agency activities focused on attendance

FY18 Every Day Counts! Goals & Metrics



Goals	Metric	
 Change community awareness, attitudes and behaviors related to attendance. 	Website Visits Social Media Impressions Toolkit Downloads	
2. Increase the number of youth with an adult mentor or other positive adult relationship.	School Climate Survey	
3. Evaluate new attendance interventions to support a body of evidence-based practices.	Pilots (ACE, Letters Home) Students in Pilot Pilot Results	
4. Reduce absenteeism by 3-5% in among target groups (K, 6 th graders, 9 th graders, and students with chronic health conditions).	Absenteeism Rates by Focus Area/Demo	
5. Reduce all absenteeism Districtwide by 3%.	Absenteeism Rates	

Every Day Counts! Campaign Messaging

Area	Current Belief
Awareness	"I don't know the impact absences can have."
Attitude	"lt's okay if I (my child) miss(es) one or two days per month."
Behavior	"I don't really think about or track my child's attendance."
	"I miss a few days a month and go to the important classes."

Desired Belief

"Just missing two days per month can cause me (my child) to fall behind in school."

"I don't want (my child) to miss an opportunity to learn something I (he/she) will need later."

"I'm going to track my child's absences and do everything I can to ensure he/she does not miss school."

"I'm going to try to best to make it to school every day, all day, because I don't want to miss anything, and I know [caring adult] will ask me about it later."

Every Day Counts! Campaign Messaging

- <u>Absences Add Up</u>: Before you know it, just missing one or two days a month can add up to nearly 10% of the school year. And skipping just one or two classes can easily add up to too much lost time in the classroom.
- 2. Everyone Can Make a Difference: Everyone agencies, schools, community and faith-based organizations, teachers, neighbors must communicate to students and families that going to school every day is critical to realizing their hopes and dreams. Behavior changes when students and families get messages consistently.
- 3. <u>We Care</u>: Just one person showing they care a teacher, crossing guard, school resource officer, neighbor matters. When students and families know someone cares about their future and whether they show up, they are more likely to attend and ask for help. #WeCareDC will be used to promote on social media.

Every Day Counts! Campaign Vehicles



O Community/All Audiences

- TV and radio; public transportation advertisements
- Social media

o Students

- Prizes and incentives (DPR Day, movie nights)
- Gear for individuals with student-facing jobs (crossing guards, school staff, etc.)

Parents

- Guide for Parents (i.e. start a routine; find a back-up plan)
- $\,\circ\,$ Pilot texts and emails to parents when kids miss school

O Schools & LEAs

- \odot Letters from school leaders at the beginning of the year
- Individualized mid-year attendance letter for each students (informative, not punitive)

Every Day Counts! Campaign Website



Student Attendance: Every Day Counts! **Policies** • Home Policies Resources Truancy Taskforce FAQs Ed Stat Resources Support Youth Voice and Recognize DC Taskforce Students for Strong Attendance ATTEND TODAY Do you think that every day of school matters?! FAQs **ACHIEVE** TOMORROW So does the Office of the Deputy Mayor for Education, and we need your help to increase Ed Stat student attendance in DC. For more information and to donate, please visit Learn More below. **EVERY DAY COUNTS!** Learn More Visit attendance.dc.gov Prev 3 4 5 6 7 Next II Featured Attendance Counts Did You Know ... Featured Resources Every day of school counts! That's why Missing just 10% of the school year ٠ Tips to Prevent Bullying Resources Mayor Muriel Bowser and the State in early grades can leave many Kids Ride Free Changes • Board of Education are partnering to students struggling throughout Homelessness Prevention . **Attendance Facts** • reward students and schools that elementary school. Reengaging Disengaged Youth Ages • improve attendance this year! Schools By sixth grade, missing 18 days a 16-24 Taskforce Plan Ahead for SafeTrack Metro that make the most improvement will year is strongly linked to dropping • receive an end of year celebration and out of high school. **Closures** students making the most Chronic absence affects every grade **Behavioral Health Resource** Meeting Schedule level and can set preschoolers back improvement will be invited to Directory participate in a special end of year for an incredibly long period of time. OSSE Healthy Youth Resource Guide . Media • Attendance Events

Latest

Press Releases

State Board and Deputy Mayor Kick Off Every Day Counts! Attendance Campaign

SBOE, Deputy Mayor for Education Jennifer Niles, Calvin Coolidge HS Principal Richard Jackson among...

Truancy Taskforce Meeting May 25, 2017 4 - 5:30 pm Room G9

Mayor Proclaims September Attendance Awareness Month

Every Day Counts! Tiered Approach





SY17-18 Agency Engagement - DRAFT



	Messengers (Tier I)	Incentives (Tier I)	Mentors (Tier II)	Programs (Tier III)
Description	Activate agency media platforms and distribution lists to send a message about attendance.	Reward students and families who improve their attendance.	Train youth- facing adults on how to have an impactful conversation on attendance.	Provide services or supports that address common barriers to attendance.
Potential Agencies	DPR, DCPL, DOES, DSLBD, DYRS	DPR, DCPL, CAH, DOES	DYRS, DCPS, DDOT, MPD, DCPL	DHS, OVSJG, DCPS
Example	DCPL is willing to communicate about attendance using their Books from Birth distribution list	DPR is willing to provide a rock wall day and/or movie night to schools making improvements	MPD's SROs are willing to support student attendance teams with implementing their ideas	OVSJG is increasing funding for case management for high school absenteeism





Upcoming 2017 Milestones

JULY – SY17-18 Strategy Finalized

- Student Design Challenge (6 school teams plan for SY17-18)
- Steering Committee & Taskforce re: SY17-18 Strategies
- DCPS consultation with Attendance Works
- Consultation with EOM, SBOE & Cross-sector Collaboration Task Force

- AUGUST – Initial Educator Engagement

- State of Schools Summit Attendance Breakout & Resources for Educators
- SEPTEMBER Launch Every Day Counts!
 - Begin media engagement with community kick-off event (TBD)
 - Participate in Attendance Awareness Month Events (TBD)
- OCTOBER Stat on Attendance
 - OSSE SY17-18 Report & OCA Stat on attendance

FINALIZING OUR DISCUSSION: OFF-TRACK SECONDARY STUDENTS

REVIEW: MOVING FROM DISCUSSION TO RECOMMENDATION



REVIEW – FOCUS AREAS FOR AT-RISK WORKING GROUP

1. Inequitable distribution of at-risk students across schools 2. Inadequate or inefficiently used funding for at-risk students

3. Lack of structures in place for crosssector sharing of best practices for serving at-risk students

4. Lack of crosssector coordination on serving off-track secondary students

REVIEW: PROPOSALS FOR OFF-TRACK SECONDARY STUDENTS

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REVIEW: SAMPLE REPORT LANGUAGE, EXAMPLE FROM CHARLOTTE-MECKLENBURG

Task Force Strategy D

Strengthen the early care and education workforce to improve the quality and experiences of early care and education available to children ages birth to five.

Key Recommendations

- 1. Improve the compensation and benefits of early care and education providers.
- 2. Expand the number of early care and education providers with certifications, credentials, and degrees.
- 3. Increase access to ongoing professional development for early care and education providers that is responsive to their limited time and financial resources, as well as to their educational needs.
- 4. Grow the cultural and linguistic diversity of our early care and education workforce to better serve our Latino children and families.

Implementation Tactics and Policy Considerations

- Determine the cost of raising our child care workforce's compensation to that of comparably educated staff in public Pre-K, Head Start, and Early Head Start to reduce turnover in the early care and education workforce.
- Investigate public and private strategies that have increased the early care and education workforce's compensation without increasing costs of care for families.

REVIEW: SAMPLE REPORT LANGUAGE, MID-YEAR MOBILITY

Intentio	n 1:
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Ensure students entering mid-year have equitable access to all available options to find the school that best matches their needs.

"Loftier" language stemming from theory of action

Key Recommendations:

- 1. Create and implement a common, centralized system for managing mid-year mobility.
- 2. [INSERT ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS, IF ANY]

Entity responsible for implementation: DME, My School DC

Timeline: Full implementation by school year 2017-18

Implementation and Policy Considerations:

- The Task Force recommends that My School DC manage a common mid-year entry and transfer process for public school students starting in SY17-18.
- DME shall convene a working group, to include My School DC, to determine the process for implementing this recommendation. The working group will be responsible for determining whether implementation is contingent on the Common Lottery Board approving My School DC's ability to take on this additional responsibility.
- The working group must determine the parameters for gathering specific information about mid-year entry and transfer that can inform future policies on how to reduce unnecessary student mobility and promote enrollment stability.
- The new mid-year system should rely on the existing processes of the common lottery, My School DC, and therefore involves all schools participating in the common lottery.
- The new mid-year system should include students who wish to enroll in their in boundary DCPS school after October 5.
- The new mid-year system must require schools to provide their available seats after October 5, including out-of-boundary seats for neighborhood DCPS schools and all seats at public charter schools, citywide DCPS schools, and selective DCPS schools to MSDC. Schools will ensure that these seats are always up-to-date in MSDC so mid-year students are aware of all options and can immediately enroll.

Implementation Status:

• May 2017: DME convened working group to determine . . .

Task Force's original recommendation

INFORMATION EXCHANGE

Problem: A lack of coordination between and among schools and sectors contributes to increased likelihood of at-risk students experiencing delays or disruption in education during key transition points (e.g., from middle school to high school).

Theory of Action: Creating a coordinated, cross-sector approach to sharing data and information during key transition points (e.g., from middle school to high school) will improve the likelihood of at-risk students remaining on track for graduation.

- Expand the Bridge to High School Data Exchange to additional transition points along the education continuum.
- Coordinate a robust, citywide technical assistance program for schools that are sending and receiving data and information at key transition points.
- Monitor, report, and make necessary adjustments to existing data exchange efforts, including the Bridge to High School Data Exchange.

ATTENDANCE

Problem: A lack of momentum behind a coordinated, citywide, and ambitious approach to improving attendance hurts all students, with a pronounced impact on atrisk students.

Theory of Action: Bolstering and supporting existing citywide efforts to improve attendance provides the most effective and direct route to keeping at-risk students in school.

- Ensure robust commitment to Every Day Counts initiative, with ambitious and measurable objectives.
- Explore and foster school-level and practitioner-level collaboration assist LEAs in finding and building on best practices.
- Explore ways to expand further focus citywide efforts on particular segments of the student population.
- Plan and facilitate a convening and/or community of practice for cross-LEA, practitioner-level working groups.

"ANCHORS"

Problem: Not all at-risk students have access to positive, in-school adult "anchors."

Theory of Action: Creating a cross-sector, citywide approach to identifying, sharing, and expanding effective efforts and programs to provide positive, in-school "anchors" will help reduce the number of students in high school who are not on track to graduate on time.

- Explore possibility of building this component into the Every Day Counts initiative.
- Identify and build on existing, evidence-based practices, such as OSEE's pilot of the Check and Connect program.
- Explore ways to identify and evaluate promising practices from individual schools or LEAs.
- Plan and facilitate a convening and/or community of practice for cross-LEA, practitioner-level working groups.

HIGH VALUE-ADD SCHOOLS

Problem: We have schools that are serving at-risk students particularly well, but we are not doing enough to identify those schools or share their successful practices.

Theory of Action: Identifying and replicating the most effective, "value-add" models – and ensuring that at-risk students have access to these schools – will lead to a reduction in the number of students who are off-track.

- Identify the schools and/or programs that are getting the best results for at-risk students.
- Explore the possibility of citywide, cross-sector definitions of common elements of school design and program offerings at the highest value-added schools.
- Identify the costs and obstacles to scaling successful program offerings.

NEXT STEPS